

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Nursery/						
	Reception						
Branch 1	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:
Creation and	God made our	Recognise that the story	Retell in any form the	Revisit and remember	Show some	Retell the Moses story,	Show understanding of
Covenant	beautiful world and	of Creation in Genesis	Noah story (Genesis	the first Creation story	understanding of the	focusing on the two	the literary forms
	everything in it.	1:1-4,24-26, is an	6:9-9:17), focusing on	from Genesis,	historical context of	key events of the call	found in the text's
	God made me.	ancient, prayerful,	Noah and God's	recognising the	Abraham (and Joseph)	and the covenant (the	studied, including the
	The words and actions	poetic reflection on	promise to all living	author's use of poetic	and the cultural and	Burning Bush (Ex 3:1-	use of metaphor,
	of the sign of the	God's world and retell	creatures in the sign of	language to describe	religious context out of	15); the Sinai covenant	symbolic language,
	cross.	this story in any form	the rainbow (Gen 9:8-	how the world was	which he was called	and the Ten	and poetry Simply
	The whole of Creation	Recognise in an age-	17) Know that psalms	formed Encounter the	Retell the story of	Commandments (Ex	explain the Church's
	shows God love for us	appropriate way that the	are prayed/sung to	belief that human	Abraham, ensuring it is	19:3-8, 20:1-17)) Make	teaching on the
	(Laudato Si' 84–88)	Church teaches that all	praise God and	beings are made 'in	accurate in sequence	links between the Ten	purpose of the second
	God loves us and we	that is comes from God,	recognise that they are	the image of God' (Gen	and detail and shows	Commandments and	Creation story and the
	are part of a family.	our Father, who made	a different literary form	1:27) and talk about	an understanding of	Jesus' summary of the	purpose of scientific
	Celebrate God's	heaven and Earth	in scripture	what this might mean	the term 'covenant'	law in Matthew's	accounts, referencing
	beautiful world. We	Recognise that though	Understand the term	Make simple links	Show an	Gospel (22:36-40)	Laudato Si' 66-67.
	enter God's family, the	people cannot see God,	'stewardship' and	between the first	understanding of the	Correctly use	Make links with the
	Church, through	they can sense his	what it means for	Creation story, the	story of Abraham and	developing specialist	term 'stewardship'
	baptism.	presence through the	caring for God's world	belief that all human	Isaac (Genesis 22:1-	vocabulary to describe	Show understanding of
		awe and wonder	Correctly use religious	beings are created	18), recognising the	what a covenant is,	the Christian belief of
		experienced in the	words and phrases to	equal, and an	importance of	recognising that God	the first sin or 'original
		beauty and order of	talk about the	expression of the	historical context in	made several	sin' by making links
		Creation Recognise that	Sacrament of Baptism,	principle of Catholic	explaining the	covenants throughout	with the second story
		the Church teaches that	as a sign of Jesus' love	Social Teaching about	meaning of this story	history, e.g., with	of Creation Explain
		God gave human beings	for all people and a	human dignity	then and now	Noah, Abraham, and	some Christian beliefs
		the responsibility for	welcome into the	Describe stewardship	Recognise that God's	Moses Use developing	about the Sacrament
		taking care of the world	Christian family Know	by making simple links	covenant with	specialist vocabulary	of Baptism Use
		and its people and in	that the Christian Bible	between Genesis 1:26-	Abraham is the	to show how the Ten	theological vocabulary
		doing this, we show love	is split into two parts,	31 and people's	foundation of the faith	Commandments help	to describe and
		for God and each other	the Old Testament,	actions today (LS 88	of the people of the	human beings live	explain the belief that
		Know that Pope Francis	and the New	on 'ecological virtues')	Old and New	good and happy lives	sin damages the
		wrote a letter, called	Testament Responding	Using some religious	Testaments: Judaism	Correctly use	relationship with God,
		Laudato Si', about the	to the way God's gift of	vocabulary, describe	and Christianity Show	developing specialist	the relationship with
		gift of Creation and the	Creation is expressed	how either a psalm or	some understanding	vocabulary to describe	others and
		importance of taking	in a variety of creative	a prayer they have	of how the decisions	sin as deliberately	relationships with the
		care of the world as it is	and artistic ways, e.g.,	studied praises	of Abraham (and	spoiling our friendship	created world, making



everyone's home Recognise that prayer is a way of drawing closer to God Talking about how God's gift of Creation is expressed through the scriptures and diverse creative and artistic expressions, e.g., through art, music, or poetry and talk about their responses Talking about why caring for God's world matters for them and their local community. Reflecting on what the words of the Our Father and the opening words of the Creed say to them Reflecting on different ways to pray Listening to stories from different communities and their experiences about how they care for the world Talking about how they can care for God's world.

art, music, or poetry and talk about the reason for their response. Expressing a point of view, with a relevant reason, about why we care for God's world, making simple connections with God's promise to all living creatures in the story of Noah. Exploring the meaning of symbols used in an infant's baptism in the Catholic Church Considering what they could do to care for God's world in their own lives and in the life of their local community Reflecting on the gift of Creation (awe and wonder) Reflecting on how actions can help or harm themselves and others and what this could mean for their friendship with God.

Creation Recognise that in Laudato Si', Pope Francis teaches that human beings are called to have a loving relationship with God, with each other, and with the world (see LS 66) Imagining how caring for the world could change the world for the better Thinking about how all people should be treated equally and giving reasons that relate to the first Creation story (focusing on Genesis 1:26-31) Suggesting meanings for an artistic expression of the goodness of Creation, considering the maker's intention (e.g., St Francis of Assisi's Canticle of Creation). (RVE) Wondering why the author of the first story of Creation suggests a holy day. (RVE)

Joseph) were informed by their faith, hope, and love in God Make links between prayers that show trust in God and the virtues of faith. hope, and love Describing and explaining the virtues: faith, hope, and love making links between these virtues of and the life of a person who was an example of faith made active in love (e.g., the intervention of Cardinal Manning in the London dockworker's strike in 1889) Explaining why they think Abraham is seen as a model of prayer Considering how their own lives and the lives of their communities could be transformed by the virtues of faith, hope, and love Reflecting on how the virtues of faith, hope and love help them to be a good neighbour Reflecting on the challenges and blessings Abraham (and Joseph) experienced and how

with God and each other Know that a virtue is a positive habit that helps people live a good life Playing with possibilities, asking questions about the Ten Commandments, such as What does 'you shall not steal' mean? Or what if there were eleven Commandments? Expressing a point of view about what are positive habits (virtues) and negative habits and how virtues might help them grow in goodness Discussing what loving our neighbour means for Christians today, for example, welcoming asylum seekers and refugees. Express a point of view and give reasons relating to the Church's teaching on the common good and love of neighbour Reflecting on the words and images used to describe Moses' encounter with

God Reflecting on

relevant links with the second account of Creation and Laudato Si' 66 Show some understanding of the Christian belief that in Jesus a new covenant is made and through him the relationship with God can be restored making links with John (1:1-5, 16-18) and the Nicene Creed Describe the work of a Christian or Catholic scientist who has contributed to the scientific understanding of the beginnings of the universe (e.g., Mendel, Lemaitre, Blundell). recognising that many scientists are Christians and they do not see any conflict between their faith and science Articulating reasons which might lead to judgements different to their own, in response to the claim: 'belief in Creation is compatible with scientific accounts of the beginnings of the universe and the



		their faith played a part	what makes them truly	theory of evolution',
		in how they reacted.	happy Discussing and	offering reasoned
		in now they reacted.		
			dialoguing with others	arguments for their
			about how rules can	own judgement
			help people be happy	Expressing a point of
			Reflecting on their	view about what the
			habits and where they	story of the Fall says
			could 'grow in virtue' to	about human beings
			be better neighbours.	and suffering giving
				reasons why they think
				this way Considering
				the ways in which their
				life and the life of their
				communities could be
				transformed by taking
				seriously the belief in
				the innate dignity and
				equality of all human
				beings Reflecting on
				the evidence in the
				world that human
				beings have not always
				lived as God has
				wanted and the effects
				of this on human
				beings and the
				environment
				Reflecting on the ways
				in which the
				discoveries of science
				can lead to a deeper
				appreciation of the
				greatness of God and
				God's love for all
				Creation.
				Citation.



Branch 2 Prophecy and **Promise**

The children will:

Children will know that Mary was going to have a baby. His name will be Jesus (Lk 1:26-31, 38). Jesus was born in Bethlehem (Lk 2:4-7). Shepherds hurried to see Mary and Joseph and baby Jesus (Lk 2:8-20) Mary was chosen by God to give birth to his Son. Jesus was born in a stable and laid in a manger. Shepherds were told by angels to visit him.

The children will:

Recognise that, for Christians, the Christmas story reveals God's love by sending Jesus his Son Be introduced to the Bible as a special book and encounter the stories and accounts of how people came to know God and the Good News of Jesus in the gospels Sequence the accounts from the Annunciation through to the visit of the shepherds Know that in the Annunciation God called Mary and she said Zechariah's special 'Yes' to his call and why this makes Mary important for Christians Match the first words of the Hail Mary with the words of the Angel Gabriel Recognise that angels bring God's message and are a sign that Jesus is the Son of God. Talking about why the shepherds saw angels when Jesus was born Thinking about why the words of the angels are in the 'Hail Mary' and the beginning of the 'Gloria'

Exploring artistic

The children will

Retell, with increasing detail, one of the religious accounts from the Annunciation and the birth of John the Baptist and of the Annunciation and the birth of Jesus from the Gospel of Luke Know that a prophet or prophetess communicates God's message, inspired by the Holy Spirit, and that Isaiah and John the Baptist are prophets Identify message about John's future (Lk 1:76) Recognise that the Church teaches that the person Isaiah spoke of was Jesus long before he was born Recognise that the Church teaches that Mary is the mother of God who prays for them and with them Describe some ways that Christians prepare for Jesus' coming at Christmas during the season of Advent for example, correctly

The children will

Recognise that Sunday is a holy day for Christians, making simple links between the story of Creation (Gen 1:1-2:4) and Sunday as a day of rest Give a simple description of how Catholics celebrate the Mass Give simple descriptions of some special prayers, signs, and actions performed in church and at Mass using religious language, focusing on the Liturgy of the Word Talking, asking, and answering questions about their experiences of liturgies and the Mass Considering how Catholics use some prayers, signs, actions, and symbols during Mass and make links between beliefs and action Reflecting on what Sunday Mass means for Christians Recognise how Joseph puts his trust in God when the angel appears Make links

between the angel's

The children will Describe what a

prophet is drawing on

Elijah and John the

Show some

Baptist as examples

understanding of the

cultural and religious

and why people

reminded of God's

Baptist in Mark and

Matthew's accounts

beliefs about John the

links with the words of

Isaiah, the preaching

Advent Know that the

marks the end of the

Church's year and

describe what is

feast of Christ the King

celebrated Makes links

with the ancestry of

Jesus and the Jesse

tree Responding to a

variety of artistic ways

in which the Jesse tree

is portrayed. Suggest

choices and give

reasons for the artist's

of John the Baptist,

and the season of

and describe the

Baptist the gospel

writers show Make

needed to be

context of Elijah's time

covenant Compare the

description of John the

Show an understanding of scripture passages that speak of David's life, recognising the intended audience and the historical context Show an understanding of some gospel passages that present Jesus as the fulfilment of the promise to David (Matt 1:1-17; Lk 1:32-33), recognising the gospel writers are writing for Christians. Recognise links with God's covenant with Abraham Use specialist vocabulary to describe and explain the nature of David's kingship in the Old Testament, with reference to the passages that speak of David's kingship and Psalm 21:1-7 Recognise that David is a model of prayer, referencing one of the psalms Know that the Rosary is a prayerful reflection on the life of Christ and explain what the joyful

The children will

The children will Show an understanding of any one of the following Old Testament scripture passages that show the importance of women in salvation history, recognising authorial intention and historical context: • Genesis 18:1-15; 21:1-7: Sarah • Exodus 1:8-22: 2:1-10: Miriam • Judges 4:4-11; 5:7- 15: Deborah • 1 Samuel 1:5, 9-11, 26-28: Hannah • Esther 2:4. 15-17; 3:1-6, 12-13; 4:1-4, 8a-17; 5:1-8; 7:1-6, 9-10; 8:3-12 (Purim): Esther Use theological language to explain what is meant by describing the women of the Old Testament as 'true protagonists of salvation history' (Pope John Paul II's address, General Audience, 27 March 1996), making relevant links with the stories of some key women from the Old Testament Show understanding of



representations of the nativity story from around the world Hearing and beginning to join in with the words of the Hail Mary Singing or saying the first words of the Gloria Talking about how Christians in their local community celebrate the birth of Jesus.

using religious words and phrases to recognise the meaning given to the Advent wreath and how these might help Christians prepare for Christmas Talking about Isaiah's picture language about light and darkness (Is 9:1-2) and making simple links with Jesus Saying what they wonder about the Holy Spirit and how baby John the Baptist, Mary, Elizabeth, and Zechariah felt Talking about how other cultures and communities prepare in Advent, for example, through art, dance, music, or celebrations such as Las Posadas Talking about Mary's prayer, the Magnificat (Lk 1:46-50, 53) and how they can make the world fairer. For example, how they could fill the hungry with good things in Advent147 or what choices they could make in Advent to

support local and

global communities in

message about Jesus and the words of the prophet Isaiah Recall that angels bring God's message in the gospels of St Matthew and St Luke Talking, asking, and answering questions about Joseph and Mary trusting in God Responding creatively to the words of an Advent hymn, work of art, prayer, or poem that connects to the message of the angels Comparing and making simple links between the signs used in Advent and Christmas and their meaning for Christians.

reasons for their personal preference Talking about the type of king they think Jesus would be and give reasons for their answers Responding to a variety of artistic ways in Christ the King portrayed. Suggest reasons for the artist's choices, give reasons for their personal preference, and compare their ideas with others. Reflecting on how Elijah and John the Baptist's words speak to people today Reflecting on what it means to be a good leader and talk to others about their ideas.

mysteries remember Playing with possibilities, asking 'what if?' questions that explore why God especially values those the world overlooks. For example, what if Samuel had followed his own judgement rather than God's in choosing a king? What is the possibility of those values being overlooked in today's communities? Wondering about the imagery of shepherd used in the scripture passages studied and explore how it helps them, as readers, understand servant leadership Exploring artistic representations of the O Antiphons, describe what they represent, and say which they prefer, giving reasons for their choice Reflecting on your understanding of David and the idea of a leader as a shepherd Talking with others about their ideas

the Christian belief that Mary is the fulfilment of the Old Testament promises, making relevant links to Lk 1:26-56 and the accounts of the women of the Old Testament. Contrast Lk 1:26-56 with the authorial focus in Matthew's account (Matt 1:18-25) Use theological language to describe and explain the belief that Mary became the 'Mother of God' Show understanding of how and why the Magnificat prayer forms radical expectations of the Messiah Show understanding of the life of individual women today who are responding to God's call in their life, making relevant links to Mary's 'Yes' to God (Lk1:26-56), for example, describe and explain the role of women's religious orders in the Church today, with reference to at least one example of a Catholic women's



	need and to care for		about leadership,	religious order
	Creation (CST)		thinking about what it	Thinking about the role
	Listening to different		means to be a good	of women in the story
	traditions and		shepherd today	of salvation, giving a
	interpretations of the		Considering how their	response to this
	meaning of the Advent		own lives and the	statement: 'Looking at
	wreath Using artistic		future of the	the role of women in
	expressions to create		communities to which	the story of salvation,
	a personal response to		they belong could be	women today do not
	Isaiah's picture		transformed by	play a large enough
	language about light		offering their own lives	role in the life of the
	and darkness (Is 9:1-2)		in service to others, as	Church', supporting
			part of their	their answer with
			preparation during	reasons, and
			Advent.	discussing why people
			7 ta vorte.	might give different
				answers Exploring how
				they and others
				interpret their own and
				the composer's
				meaning, in response
				to a variety of sung
				settings of the
				Magnificat Reflecting
				on their own
				experience, consider
				the women in their
				lives who have been
				important or
				significant Comparing
				their own and others'
				experiences about the
				importance of Mary
				the mother of Jesus in
				their spiritual life
				Considering what life
				or task God might be
				calling them to live or



							do and reflect on how
							their 'Yes' could
							transform their own
							lives and the lives of
							the community.
Branch 3	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:
Galilee to	The Wise Men visit	Identify some of the	Retell, in any form, the	Retell, in any form, the	Show understanding of	Recognise that in the	Show understanding of
Jerusalem	Jesus (Matt 2:1-12).	people that encounter	story of John the	visit of the Magi and	why some people gave	Beatitudes Jesus tells	the scripture passages
	Jesus welcomes the	Jesus and recognise that	Baptist and the	explain what the visit	Jesus the title 'Christ'	his followers important	studied identifying
	little children (Mk 10:	he is special Retell, in	baptism of Jesus Begin	of the Magi and the	(the anointed one) by	messages about what	authorial intention,
	v16). Jesus blesses the	any form, one of the	to recognise 'parables'	gifts they bring show	making links with the	makes a life blessed	recognising that the
	little children (story	stories they have heard,	as a literary form in	us about Jesus Show a	Scripture studied	Compare Matthew and	scripture speaks to
	retold). The visit of the	recognising these are	Scripture with	simple understanding	Make links between	Luke's description of	people literally and
	Magi (Matt 2:1-12).	religious accounts from	reference to the	of what the kingdom of	Jesus' speech to John	the new law, or great	carries a deeper
	What? Jesus blesses	the Gospel of Luke Make	parable of the lost	God is and is not Show	the Baptist's followers	commandment and	spiritual meaning Use
	the little children (Mk	simple connections	sheep (Lk 15:4-7) and	a simple	and signs that he is the	make links between	specialist theological
	10:13-16). How?	between Jesus'	how Jesus uses them	understanding of a	Messiah Show	the new law a parable	vocabulary to make
	Feeding of 5000 (Jn	announcement of his	to teach people about	miracle of Jesus (either	understanding of the	and Jesus' summary of	links between each of
	6:1-14).	mission (Lk 4:16-19) and	God Recognise that	Matt 8:5-13 or Matt	belief that Jesus	the law and lessons for	the miraculous signs
		how Christians are	everyone is tempted to	9:1-8) showing that it is	reveals the kind of	Christian life today	and Christian beliefs
		called to tell people	make bad choices	a sign of the kingdom	messiah he is by	Make simple links	about Jesus, including
		about God's love today	(sin), but that God	and the compassion of	showing that God's	between the	some of the
		Ask and answer	loves and forgives all	Jesus Show knowledge	Kingdom includes	Beatitudes and the Ten	sacraments, and how
		questions about the	people Begin to	of two parables of	those who are	Commandments	these reveal he is truly
		story of Zacchaeus and	recognise that the	Jesus, making links	excluded by society,	Describe accurately in	God and truly human
		how he changed after	miracles of Jesus are	between them, to	making relevant links	sequence and detail	Use specialist
		meeting Jesus Imagining	signs that he is the Son	show some	to the Scripture	what the disciples see	religious vocabulary to
		how some of the people	of God Correctly use	understanding of what	studied Using some	at the Transfiguration,	make links between
		who met Jesus felt and	religious words and	the kingdom of God is	religious vocabulary,	saying something	one of the 'I am'
		how knowing Jesus	phrases to recognise	like Retell one of Jesus'	describe the	about the importance	statements and
		changed them Listening	how Catholics say	parables, making	Sacrament of	of Moses and Elijah	Christian beliefs about
		to the stories and	sorry to God in prayer	simple links between	Reconciliation and the	Make links between	Jesus Know the seven
		experiences of how	and talk about why	the chosen parable	Sacrament of the Sick	the seven petitions	sacraments of the
		people celebrate	saying sorry to God	and Jesus' message	Make relevant links	(requests) of the Our	Catholic faith and
		Candlemas. Reflecting	and to others is	about the kingdom of	between the belief in	Father and their	explain the purpose of
		on what the Good News	important Looking at	God Recall the 'Our	that Jesus is the	meaning for Christians	each sacrament in the
		might mean for them	artistic	Father' prayer and	Messiah and the	Show understanding of	life of the Catholic
		Reflecting on how Jesus	representations of	make simple links	Nicene Creed	how the virtue of either	Church Explain the



is a 'light' for all people, consider how they can bring 'light' to their families and communities Reflecting on how Jesus cares for other people and what they can learn from his actions.

Jesus' baptism and talking about images used for God the Father, Jesus (God the Son), and the Holy Spirit and notice how they are connected Making simple links with Isaiah and John the Baptist as prophets, and their openness to the Holy Spirit Talking about water as a symbol of a new start (reconciliation), thinking about the Sacrament of Baptism and the story of Noah Reflecting on what it feels like to say sorry and to be forgiven Talking about ways they and others show that they are sorry Considering what people might want to say sorry to God for and how praying can be part of this (e.g., through making a simple Act of Sorrow)

between the prayer and building the kingdom Asking and answering questions about the feelings of the characters in one of the stories studied Reflecting on how Jesus teaches what the kingdom of God is like, including thinking about the 'Our Father' prayer Reflecting on how people need to change their behaviour to show their commitment to building the kingdom, comparing responses and asking questions about other people's responses Considering how people could build the kingdom with reference to the life of a saint Showing understanding of how people would behave in the kingdom of God and reflect on what that might mean for them.

(specifically Articles 2-4) and suggest why Catholics say this prayer Describe the work of a person or organisation who has been inspired by Jesus to work with those marginalised by societal attitudes to illness making links with the virtues of faith, hope, and love Thinking about and discussing answers to Jesus' question, 'Who do you say I am?', consider the response of Peter and the response of Christians today Considering the claim 'The miracles that Jesus worked were signs that the Kingdom of God was beginning. They expressed his love for humankind and reaffirmed his mission' (YOUCAT 91), expressing a point of view, supported by relevant reasons, in response to this statement Reflecting on those that society excludes today and

consider how they

hope or charity (love) links with Jesus' teaching in the **Beatitudes Expressing** a point of view about Jesus' great commandment as a rule for life Imagining how Peter, James, or John felt at the Transfiguration. Explain their thinking with reference to why this event is a mystery Exploring how they and others interpret artists' meanings, in response to paintings of the Transfiguration Reflecting on the mystery of the Transfiguration Reflecting on why Jesus invites us to call God 'Father' Reflecting on the meaning of what they have learned about Jesus' great commandment for their own lives Reflecting on how the communities they are part of could be transformed if evervone chose to love their neighbour as themselves.

role of the deacon. priest, or bishop in administering the sacraments and why they are a part of sacramental celebrations Describe some ways their local parish community celebrates the sacraments, noticing which are celebrated occasionally, and which are celebrated frequently, giving reasons for this Giving reasons why the Church teaches sacraments are 'meeting points where God himself is present' (YCfK 64). Discuss why others might disagree Looking at different artistic representations of at least one of the signs in St John's gospel and discussing the artists' use of symbolic representation, expressing and sharing a personal preference, giving reasons for their choice and listen to contrary points of view Reflecting on how the seven signs in John's



					could show love for		gospel speak to them
					these people as Jesus		literally and spiritually
					did Considering how		Considering how
					Jesus serves others		stories from scripture
					and discussing how		speak to people in
					Christians can follow		different ways.
					this example today.		•
					What could this mean		
					for their lives and the		
					lives of their local		
					communities?		
Branch 4	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:
Desert to the	Lent is a time to care	Make simple	Recognise what Jesus	Retell in any form the	Retell, with increasing	Explain what happens	Show an
Garden	for others. Jesus died	connections between	said on the cross	story of the feeding of	detail, the parable of	at the Ash Wednesday	understanding of the
	on a cross. It is a sad	Jesus' time in the desert	about forgiveness and	the five thousand	the prodigal son, and	Mass and how	account of Holy Week
	time. Jesus was given	(Lk 4:1-13) and	make simple	Recall the words and	make simple	Christian's mark this	in the gospel of John
	new life by God his	Christians praying and	connections with the	actions of Jesus at the	connections with	day, using religious	Show knowledge and
	Father. Jesus rose and	fasting for forty days in	belief that God always	last supper and make	Christian beliefs about	vocabulary to describe	understanding of how
	everyone celebrates.	Lent Recognise that	forgives us Recognise	simple links with his	God's mercy and	symbols and actions	one of the texts reveal
	Love God and love	Jesus shows the	that Lent is a time for	words and actions in	forgiveness Make	Make links between	deeper meanings
	everyone (great	importance of giving to	reconciliation and	the miracle of the	simple connections	the Ash Wednesday	about Jesus as
	commandment).	others, making simple	forgiveness Correctly	loaves Describe how	with the Judgement of	readings and Lent as a	Messiah and describe
	Listen to and talk	connections with the	use religious words	Jesus showed his love	Nations parable and	time when Christians	the beliefs revealed
	about the season of	story of the widow's mite	and phrases when	at the Last Supper and	the Christian belief	reflect on their sins	Make links between
	Lent and Easter. Jesus	(Lk 21:1-6) and the	describing in an age-	how he shares this	that helping others is	and listen to God's call	the account of Jesus'
	died on Good	season of Lent Correctly	appropriate way the	love when people	part of loving God	to return to him.	washing his disciples'
	Friday and rose again	sequence the events of	Sacrament of	celebrate their first	Correctly sequence	Describe some ways	feet, what happens at
	on Easter Sunday.	the last week of Jesus'	Reconciliation, making	Eucharist Make links	the events of Holy	Christians act to	Mass on Holy
	Easter is a	life Recognise that	simple connections	between the story of	Week, describing	answer that call in	Thursday, and
	celebration that Jesus	angels bring God's	between the	the Last Supper and	some of the different	Lent, including the	Christian beliefs about
	is with us still.	message and are a sign	sacrament and a belief	the Mass, giving	reactions to Jesus	importance of prayer	Jesus' actions
	Easter celebrates new	the Jesus is the Son of	in God's forgiveness.	reasons for these links	during the events of	Describe how	Describe ways Jesus
	life. Simple religious	God, truly alive	Correctly use religious	Recognise that the	Holy Week and how	Catholics define sin,	shows his love for all
	symbols in Lent and	Recognise that the	words and phrases to	Church teaches that	they speak to	making links with the	people by his actions
	Easter.	Church teaches that	talk about the symbols	the Eucharist is the	Christians today Retell	Ten Commandments	on Holy Thursday and
		Jesus suffered, died, and	· ·	meeting point where	the story of St Peter	and Jesus' great	Good Friday Make
		rose again Recognise	the Easter Vigil Mass	God gives himself to	during Holy Week	commandment as	links between the
		simple connection	Looking at works of art	communicants as	Correctly use	guides for a good	Christian belief in the



Asking 'I wonder' questions about the story of the last week of Jesus' life Experiencing and reflecting on music or art that shows how Christian communities in another part of the world celebrate Lent and the last week of Jesus' life Recognising that fasting in Lent is giving something up to help others and CAFOD Family Fast Day is a way of doing this Considering what they might give up and choose to do to help others Reflecting on what they know about Jesus including the events of the last week of Jesus' life and his resurrection.

to recall the story of Holy Week studied in the previous year Considering some examples of reconciliation and peacebuilding in art, e.g., reconciliation outside Coventry Cathedral Listening to different sung versions of the Kyrie Eleison and talking about what the words mean Talking about links between the symbols of light and water at the Easter Vigil and what the symbols remind them of, for example, the story of Creation, the Sacrament of Baptism or Advent Thinking about what forgiveness means to them Thinking about how making bad choices can harm themselves and others and why saying sorry matters Reflecting on how Jesus teaches people to forgive.

food; they receive the Body of Christ and become ever more united in his Body the Church (YCfK 74) Describe, with increasing detail and accuracy, the prayers, religious signs, and actions of the Mass, focusing on the Liturgy of the Eucharist Give reasons for actions and symbols used in the Mass and make links between beliefs and actions Wondering about the words of the offertory prayer and the story of Creation Exploring some different cultural practices associated with Holy Week Reflecting on the Catholic belief that Jesus gives himself in **Holy Communion** Talking about the experience of Mass with Catholics and asking questions about their experiences and feelings Reflecting on what their learning

means for their life.

developing specialist vocabulary to name and describe the corporal works of mercy, making links with the Judgements of the Nations parable Make simple connections between belonging to the Church and living out the 'Works of Mercy' in support of those in need (for example, giving alms in Lent or praying for someone who is sad) Considering why St Peter might have turned away from Jesus and how that made him feel making connections with when they have let people down or broken a promise Expressing a point of view about the difference between the people who are like sheep and the people who are like goats in the Judgement of Nations Making connections between being a Christian and choosing to live out the 'Works of Mercy'

Reflecting on how the

life.se specialist vocabulary to describe the term 'conscience' Simply describe Catholic beliefs in the last things, death, judgement, heaven, and hell Recognise that the words of St Paul (1 Corinthians 15:1-8, 20-25, 54-57) describe the Christian belief that through the Resurrection of Jesus. people can follow his path to heaven Know that the Rosary is a prayerful reflection on the life of Christ and explain what the sorrowful mysteries remember Discussing if all points of view are equally valid when thinking about conscience. For example, is it ever okay to be cruel or unkind to another person? Thinking about the temptations Jesus faces in the wilderness, ask 'what if' questions about the times they have faced temptations in their own lives Considering how examining their

Crucifixion and the Stations of the Cross as a prayerful reflection on Christ's journey to the cross Considering the statement 'Jesus had a fair trial', comparing and contrasting different points of view about this statement drawing on John's gospel as a source of evidence Exploring how they and others interpret their own and the maker's meaning, in response to a variety of creative and artistic expressions and linking these with a scriptural passage studied Prayerfully reflect on what Jesus teaches about true discipleship Considering how love of neighbour could transform their life and the lives of the communities they are part of, describing the actions they could take to begin this transformation Reflecting on Lent as a time to begin this transformation.



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					life and work of a	conscience could help	
					person or organisation	them recognise when	
					(historical or	they have acted to hurt	
					contemporary) lives	themselves or others	
					out the works of mercy	and how they could	
					and/or the love for	change Reflecting on	
					those oppressed by	the meaning of what	
					poverty and the	they have learned for	
					inspiration they offer	their own lives.	
					for their life Reflecting		
					on what it is they need		
					to change about		
					themselves during		
					Lent to be better		
					people and discuss		
					how focusing on one		
					of the acts of mercy		
					could help with this,		
					for example, caring for		
					the most vulnerable in		
					their communities		
					Considering how their		
					own lives and the		
					future of the		
					communities to which		
					they belong could be		
					transformed by what		
					they have learned		
					about forgiveness.		
Branch 5	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:
To the Ends	Jesus went back to his	Retell with increasing	Sequence the events	Make links between	Make links between Jn	Identify that scripture	Show understanding of
of the Earth	Father. He sent a	detail one of the	from the Resurrection	the Scripture sources	20:1-10 and Peter's	speaks of the	the scripture passages
	special friend, the	following accounts: the	of Jesus to the coming	(Lk 24:13-35 and Matt	declaration of faith in	outpouring of gifts of	studied, identifying
	Holy Spirit, to look	Road to Emmaus (Lk	of the Holy Spirit at	28:16-20) and what	Matt 16:13-20 and/or	the Holy Spirit on the	literary forms and
	after us. Story of	24:13-35), the Promise	Pentecost Know that	happens at Mass Use	between Peter's three	Messiah in the Old	authorial intention Use
	Pentecost (Simple	of the Spirit and the	St Luke wrote a gospel	religious language to	denials of Jesus and	Testament and the	specialist theological
	Telling). The	Ascension (Acts 1:1-11),	containing an account	describe the Christian	Jesus' three requests	gospels. Make links	and religious and
	early Christian	Pentecost (Acts 2:1-4).	of the life of Jesus and	belief in the mystery of	of Peter (Jn 21:15-17)	with the Sacrament of	vocabulary to describe
	II.		1		1		L



community (Acts 2:42-47). The Holy Spirit is our friend. The Holy Spirit looks after us. Coming of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost. The Good News of Jesus lived out by the early Christian community. Celebrate The parish church is a special place where we meet our friends. We sing and say prayers. Pentecost is a special celebration in the Church. Sunday is a special day for the Church to celebrate. Live The parish church. We gather with friends at church, especially on Sunday.

Simply sequence the story of Jesus studied from earlier branches (as Luke does in Acts 1:1). Make simple connections between the mission of the Church and the mission of Jesus as he announced it at the beginning of Luke's Gospel (Lk 4:16-19). (See branch 3.) Recognise that Catholics celebrate the Ascension of Jesus and Pentecost on special days called holydays Imagining how the apostles felt during the events following the Resurrection Talking about the different ways experience of the Holy Spirit is expressed in some of the stories from the Bible they have heard across the Year One branches (e.g., 'God's spirit hovered over the water' (Gen 1:1), a shadow in the Annunciation (Lk 1:35), or wind and fire in Pentecost (Acts 2:1-4)) Looking at and discussing ways the Holy Spirit is described

the Acts of the Apostles about the early Church Retell the story of the Conversion of Saul (Acts 9:1-19) Recognise that the description of the fruits of the Spirit is taken from one of St Paul's letters (Gal: 5:22) Recognise that Christians believe the Holy Spirit opens their heart to God, helping them to pray and develop habits of good behaviour towards themselves and other people Name the fruits of the Holy Spirit and make simple links between the lives of some saints or holy people and how the fruits of the Holy Spirit were shown in their lives. Saying what they wonder about the story of the appearance of the resurrected Jesus to the apostles and imagining how the apostles were feeling at the Ascension (Acts 1:6-11) or saying what

they wonder about the

God as Trinity and describe some signs and symbols of the Holy Trinity (e.g., Jesus called the disciples to 'make disciples of all nations' in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit. Christians make the sign of the cross as a prayerful reminder of their baptism through the Holy Spirit to be children of God and participants in the Christian community) Know some of the prayers of the Catholic Church which express belief in the Trinity and the Holy Spirit, e.g., Glory Be, Come Holy Spirit Recognise that Mary joins the disciples in prayer and make simple links with how Catholics ask for Mary's prayers Make connections with the life of the early Church and Catholics gathering for Mass today Recall that we learn about the life of Jesus in the gospels, the work of the

disciples in the Acts

Find connections between Jesus' words to Peter as the rock (Matt 16:18), John's account of Peter, and the role of the Pope as Peter's successor Explain the term 'apostle' and explain why the Church is 'apostolic' Encounter the words of the Apostles' Creed and know that it summarises the central beliefs of Christians Explain how the one, holy, Catholic, and apostolic Church is structured Describe some ways in which the Church today (locally or globally) continues the work of Jesus Describe what is meant by the 'communion of saints' and recognise that the Church teaches Mary has a special place within this communion as Queen of Heaven Saying what they wonder about Peter's feelings when he entered the tomb and when he saw Jesus by

the lake Talking about

Confirmation Use specialist religious vocabulary to show knowledge and understanding of the religious actions and signs involved in the celebration of confirmation Describe the gifts of the Holy Spirit and describe some ways they help Christians be good disciples, making simple links with some of the fruits of the Spirit Using the lives of Mary and another saint as examples, explain what the term 'discipleship' means Describe the names and signs under which the Holy Spirit appears and explain some simple links with scripture and the Sacrament of Confirmation Know that the Rosary is a prayerful reflection on the life of Christ and explain what the glorious mysteries remember Saying what they wonder about the Holy Spirit in the life of Jesus and mystery of

and explain links between at least one of the scripture passages studied and religious beliefs Describe Christian belief about the Resurrection of Christ and the revelation of the Father, Son, and Spirit Explain why Jesus is called the 'new Adam', making links between scripture texts from the new and old testaments Describe and explain, with examples, the different ways in which Christians' bear witness to their beliefs now and in the past and make links with the life of a saint Describe how one charity studied witnesses its Christian faith through its work Consider 'There were many other signs that Jesus worked, and the disciples saw, but they are not recorded in this book', and give some reasons why some people find it difficult to believe



in art or music Listening to and asking questions about the experiences of how others celebrate Pentecost in different places and cultures. Thinking about why prayer is an important part of life for many people Hearing the words of the Glory Be and hymns that reference Father, Son, and Holy Spirit and joining in prayerfully if they choose to do so Considering how Christians announce the Gospel to others through their words and actions.

story of Saul Saying what they wonder about the fruits of the Holy Spirit Sharing their personal response to different symbols of the Holy Spirit (wind, fire, dove) in art and say why they respond in that way, making links with images studied in previous branches (e.g., Taizé representations of the Holy Spirit, Marlene Scholz's 'Blessed Trinity') Listening to and asking questions about the stories and the example of a saint whose life shows examples of building peace in the world Hearing the words of Come Holy Spirit and thinking about what it means to open your heart to God Considering why many people pray and share stories of prayer from different religious communities as appropriate Considering how the fruits of the Holy Spirit

could transform their

and learn that Paul wrote letters to the early Christian communities. Know that these are different ways of writing (literary forms) Saying what they wonder about the story of Emmaus and when the disciples recognised Jesus Asking and responding to questions about how the disciples felt after the Ascension and before Pentecost, noticing the role of Mary Exploring some different symbols of the Trinity and talking about what they represent e.g., by visiting their local church Reflecting on how the Holy Spirit helped the disciples and relating this to the possibilities in their lives, giving examples. Talking about their own and others' experiences and feelings about what it means for a Christian to share the gospel.

why the Pope is described as 'the servant of the servants of God', making links with the ministry of Jesus Saying why they like either an artistic representation of Mary or a prayer or hymn, giving reasons for their answer. Listen to the responses of others Reflecting on the story of Peter, share their ideas and listen to the ideas of others about what his life teaches Christians today Thinking about the examples of apostleship in the Church today and discussing how they follow the example of Jesus Reflecting on how Christian communities continue the work of Jesus in the community where they live.

the Holy Trinity Expressing and explaining a preference for an artistic representation of the Holy Spirit, listening to different points of view and giving reasons for their answers Consider the claim 'the Sacrament of Confirmation helps a Christian grow in virtue', expressing a point of view about this statement Reflecting on the links between the words chrism and Christian and discuss what it means for Christians to be anointed for Christ today Reflecting on how they can use their gifts to make a better world Considering the gifts and virtues Christians need to be disciples today.

things they have not seen Playing with possibilities and wondering about why people of religious faith sometimes choose prison, persecution, or even death rather than give up their faith Considering what beliefs matter most to them Comparing their own and others' experiences, feelings and things that matter to them and the ways in which this may lead to different beliefs and different choices about how to live their life Reflecting on how the work of charities can support people facing injustice or persecution.



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			own lives and through				
			them, help the lives of				
			others in their family				
			and wider community.				
Branch 6	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:	The children will:
Dialogue and	Friends of Jesus: Hear	Know that Christian	Say what the story of	Make links between	Describe some facts	Explain that the Bible	Explain in an age-
Encounter	a simple life of St Peter	means follower of Jesus	the Good Samaritan	Exodus (12:1-8,15-20,	about the life of St Paul	came together over a	appropriate way the
	and St Paul, friends of	Christ Recognise that	teaches about how	13:3) and the account	and explain why he is	period of more than a	meaning of 'the
	Jesus (linking to their	Catholics are a part of a	Christians should live	of the Last Supper in	an important figure for	thousand years and	common good' and
	feast day). Invite	global Christian family,	Considering an	Luke (22:14-23) Simply	Christians Make links	contains sacred texts	the principles of
	someone in from the	and all Christians are	answer, with relevant	describe how Jewish	between Cor 13:1-7,	from Judaism, the four	Catholic Social
	local parish to talk	sisters and brothers	reasons, to the	people celebrate the	13 and the theological	Gospels, and other	Teaching Describe
	about their faith and	Recognise simple	question 'Who is my	Passover in Britain	virtues Recount some	early writings of the	some ways Christians
	why it matters to them	connections between	neighbour?' Reflecting	today making links	facts about a different	Church Know that the	work together with
	to be a friend of Jesus.	Jesus' life and message	on the question 'Who	with the Exodus	liturgical rite within the	Church teaches that	people of different
	Explore a range of	and how Christians live	is my neighbour?' in	account, correctly	Catholic Church	Sacred Scripture is the	worldviews to promote
	pictures of Jesus from	today Recognise that the	their life and	using specialist	Recognise some	inspired Word of God	the common good Use
	a non-European	cross is a symbol of	wondering about how	vocabulary to describe	reasons why different	and the Church helps	the term 'worldviews'
	tradition. Invite	Christianity, and the sign	they can act as a good	symbols and actions in	liturgical traditions	Catholics read and	and understand its
	someone into the	of the cross is a prayer	Samaritan in their	the meal Make simple	arose in different parts	understand the Bible	meaning, giving simple
	class from the local	expressing Christian	local community	links and connections	of the world Describe	Know that the Bible is	examples Recognise
	area or a school	belief Listening to the	Reflecting on how	between some Islamic	some ways Christians	translated from	links and simple
	community member to	stories and experiences	communities could be	religious laws, beliefs,	in their local area work	different languages	connections between
	talk about their local	of Christians from their	transformed if people	worship, and life (e.g.,	together for the benefit	into many languages	some Dharmic beliefs,
	(faith) community and	local parish and asking	acted as good	belief in one God, the	of the whole	Reflecting on the	practices, and way of
	why it matters to them.	them questions Talking	neighbours Describe	Creator, the	community (or the	books that matter to	life making links
	Develop opportunities	about their personal	an initiative Christians	significance of	common good)	them in their lives	between them
	to engage children in a	response to and artistic	work on together	Muhammed,	Looking at how a range	Talking to others about	Reflecting on the
	broad sensory	expression of Christian	locally and globally in	importance of the will	of artists show St	their sacred texts and	statement 'Everyone
	curriculum about the	belief in a different	the service of others	of God, etc.)	Paul's encounter with	why they matter	should be concerned
	music, food, smells,	Christian community	Make simple links and	Wondering why Jesus	Jesus and discuss	Thinking and talking	to create and support
	tastes, and specific	(e.g., Missa Luba;	connections between	chose to celebrate the	which one they prefer,	about ways of showing	institutions that
	clothing worn, to	Pentecostal Gospel	some Jewish religious	Last Supper on the	giving relevant reasons	respect for sacred	improve the conditions
	enrich understanding.	music tradition;	laws, beliefs, worship,	feast of the Passover	for their opinion	texts Asking 'How can	of human life' (CCC
		Contemporary Christian	and life (e.g., Keeping	Exploring some	Exploring some	Sacred Scripture be	1926), consider how
		Praise and Worship	the Sabbath day holy	examples of Islamic	examples of art or	"truth" if not	this challenges people
		music; Welsh choirs,	and how this is	art or religious music,	music from a different	everything in it is	to change Considering
		Jesus Mafa paintings)	celebrated in the	for example, Islamic	Catholic community,	right?' (YOUCAT 15)	the term 'common



Correctly use religious words and phrases to recognise features of Jewish religious life and practice (e.g., including specific vocabulary about the Jewish belief in one God and the special clothes some Jewish people wear each day) Asking questions about the stories and experiences of Jewish people.

synagogue and in Jewish homes) Talk about respecting the beliefs of people from different communities in their local area Exploring some examples of Hebrew calligraphy, for example, through the work of a sofer (scribe), and asking 'I wonder' questions about what they have seen Listening to the stories and experiences of others from different communities in the class and the wider community.

calligraphy or the adhan and ask 'I wonder' questions about what they have seen Listening to the stories and experiences of those from the Jewish or Islamic communities in the class or the wider community and ask questions about their laws, beliefs, worship, or life Reflecting on the meaning of what they have learned for their own lives Talking, asking, and answering questions with others about their beliefs, experiences, and feelings, recognising the ways in which this could influence the way they live.

for example, icons of the Coptic Church, and asking questions about what they have noticed Listening to the stories and experiences of others from different Christian communities in the class and the wider community and asking questions about their beliefs, worship, or life Discussing the meaning of what they have learned for their own lives Talking, asking, and answering questions with others about their beliefs, experiences, and feelings, recognising the ways in which this could change the way they live and the relationships in their local communities Reflecting on what they can learn from the stories of families from different Christian traditions or who follow different liturgical traditions

Describe the five pillars of Islam and why they are an and discussing how to read the Bible prayerfully and how the Church helps us understand Scripture Discussing why the whole Bible is important for Christians, not just the **New Testament** Recognise that the Tanakh uses different names for God that reveal aspects of his nature Use specialist vocabulary to describe some Jewish beliefs expressed in the Shema prayer Exploring the place of Sacred Scripture in Jewish life today.

good', discuss why charities with different worldviews work to promote the same goals Explore some examples of creative expressions of faith from a Dharmic pathway Listening to the stories and experiences of those who follow a Dharmic pathway in the class or the wider community and asking questions about their laws, beliefs, worship, or life Considering how engaging in dialogue with those who hold different beliefs could transform their own lives and the future of the communities Identifying ways, they could act to differently because of their learning about Catholic Social Teaching dialogue.



		important part of	
		Islamic faith and	
		religious practice for	
		British Muslims today.	