

		Branch 1	Branch 2	Branch 3	Branch 4	Branch 5	Branch 6			
		Creation and Covenant	Prophecy and	Gallilee to	Desert to the	To the Ends of	Dialogue and			
			Promise	Jerusalem	Garden	the Earth	Encounter			
EYFS	Skills • Listen to and talk about religious stories and respond to what they hear with relevant comments.									
		Sing songs, make music and dance	to express religious s	tories.						
		<ul> <li>Use a variety of materials, tools and</li> </ul>	l techniques, experim	enting with colour, dea	sign, texture, form an	d function to expres	s religious stories.			
		• Represent their own ideas, thoughts	s and feelings about r	eligious stories throug	h design and technol	ogy, art, music, dan	ce and role play.			
		• Develop their own narratives and ex	planations of religiou	s stories by connectin	g ideas or events to tl	he scripture source	used.			
		Read and understand simple senter	nces from scripture o	r from their own religio	us stories					
		• Share religious stories they have he	ard and read with oth	ers.						
		<ul> <li>Listen, talk about and role play simi and religious stories.</li> </ul>	larities and difference	es in relation to places	they have read or he	ard about family, ch	urch communities			
		Write simple sentences about religi	ous stories using phra	ases or words which ca	an be read by themse	elves and others.				
		<ul> <li>Listen, talk about and role play how people act in a particular way because of their beliefs.</li> </ul>								
		Listen and talk about key figures in the history of the People of God.								
		• Listen, talk about and role play similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, church communities and church traditions.								
		Listen, talk about and role play how people behave in the local, national and universal church community.								
		• Listen and talk about religious signs and symbols used in worship, including the celebration of the Sacraments. Use religious signs and symbols in role play.								
	Scripture	Genesis 1:31	Lk 1:26-31, 38 Lk	Matt 2:1-12	Lk 10:25-28	Acts 2:42-47				
			2:4-7 Lk 2:8-20	Mk 10:v16						
				Mk 10:13-16						
<u> </u>	01.111			Jn 6:1-14		- ·				
<b>Year 1</b> The	Skills	Understand		Discern		Respond				
overarching		Retell, in any form, a narrative that corre	sponds to the	Play with possibilitie	s, asking 'what if?'	Reflect on the me	aning of what they			
theme of this		scripture source used, beginning to reco	-	questions, saying wl			neir own lives. <mark>Talk</mark>			
year is		literary forms in scripture. • Correctly us		about and suggestin		<mark>about</mark> their own ex	periences, feelings,			
revelation, how		and <mark>phrases</mark> to <mark>recognise</mark> features of reli		imagining how they		-	t matter to them, and			
do people		practice. • Recognise links and simple c		feeling. • Identify an			<mark>Consider how</mark> their			
know about		between sources, beliefs, worship and li	fe	personal responses	•	own lives and the				
God?				creative and artistic	• •	communities to w				
				example, texts, stori music) and <mark>say wh</mark>		could be transform have learned. • Ac	1			
				that way. • Express a			their own lives and in			
				a relevant reason.						



			preference with a re Listen to the stories others from differen ask questions about experiences of other	and experiences of t communities and the stories and	the communities to which they belong, as a consequence of their learning.	
Knowledge	The revelation of Creation is the first step towards the covenant God forges with his people. In an age-appropriate way, pupils will consider how the world exists and how all that is came to be.	The focus of this branch is for pupils to develop an early understanding of the Christian belief that God showed us the full depth of his love by sending Jesus his Son (CCC 65- 66).	The focus of this branch is for pupils to develop an early understanding of the Christian belief that through the ministry of Jesus, some of those who encountered him recognised he was the Son of God	For pupils, the focus of this branch is to learn a little about the season of Lent as a time to prepare for Easter and to know the story of the last week of Jesus' life, his death, and resurrection. T	In this branch, pupils will hear the story of the Road to Emmaus, the Ascension, and the story of Pentecost.	or dialogue in a Catholic school is understanding some things about the Catholic Church. For younger pupils, this begins with concrete experiences, meeting Christians from the local parish, including the parish priest where possible, and understanding what being a Christian means to them and how they live their lives.
Scripture	Genesis 1:1-4, 24-26	The Annunciation (Lk 1: 26-38, focusing on 1:26- 32, 38) The Visitation (Lk 1:39-45) The Birth of Jesus (Lk 2:4-8) The Visit of the Shepherds (Lk 2:8-20)	The Presentation (Lk 2:22-38) Finding in the temple and the hidden life (Lk 2:41-52) Jesus announces his mission (Lk 4:16- 22) The call of the disciples (Lk 5:1- 11) Little children	Jesus enters Jerusalem (Lk 19:28-38) Jesus teaches in the temple (Lk 19:47- 48) The widow's mite (Lk 21:1-6) The last supper (Lk 22:7-23) The Crucifixion and death of Jesus (Lk	The road to Emmaus (Lk 24:13-35) Promise of the Spirit and the Ascension (Acts 1:1-11) Pentecost (Acts 2:1-4)	



				(Lk 18:15-17) Zacchaeus (Lk 19:1-	23:33-46) The angel's message (Lk 24:1-8) For		
				10.1-	Lent: Jesus is		
					tempted in the		
					desert for 40 days		
					(Lk 4:1-13)		
Year 2	Skills				(EK 4.1 10)		
The	OKIUS	In this branch, pupils will learn about	Learning about the	In this branch,	In this branch, pupils	As pupils revisit	In the dialogue
overarching		the story of Noah, mainly focusing on	infancy of Jesus in	pupils will deepen	in Year Two will	the accounts of	dimension of this
theme of this			year two of the	their knowledge	revisit scripture from	Ascension and	branch, pupils will
year is		and with all creatures that 'nothing of	model curriculum	from Year One	the previous year to	Pentecost, the	begin by studying
baptism.		flesh shall be swept away again by the	builds upon prior	about who Jesus	consolidate learning	focus of learning	the parable of the
		waters of the flood' (Gen 9:15), a	knowledge. It allows	is and understand	about the events of	is on how people	Good Samaritan
		promise symbolised by the rainbow.	teachers and pupils	how he teaches	Holy Week. They will	are changed by	which Jesus told in
			to make	about the nature	make links between	the Holy Spirit.	answer to the
			connections with	of God through	the forgiveness	Welcoming the	question, 'Who is
			the whole infancy	parables and	Jesus shows at his	Holy Spirit into	my neighbour?'.
			narrative of St Luke	miracles. Parables	Crucifixion and the	our hearts invites	
			and introduces John	are a literary form	ministry of Jesus	a conversion of	
			the Baptist. St Luke's	where a	studied in the	the heart by	
			gospel begins in the	comparison is	previous branch.	receiving the gifts	
			temple in Jerusalem	made to tell a	They will also	of the Holy Spirit	
			with Zechariah, who	more profound	explore how Lent is a		
			finds it difficult to	truth.	time of	these to bear fruit	
			accept the Angel		reconciliation and	in our lives	
			Gabriel's message		forgiveness for		
			and cannot speak		Christians because		
			consequently. In		they want to restore		
			contrast, Mary says		their relationship		
			'Yes' to God's		with God to be ready		
			message and is		to celebrate the		
			filled with the Holy		Resurrection		
			Spirit's power.	6.		<u> </u>	
		Understand		Discern		Respond	
		Retell, in any form, a narrative that corresponds to the scripture source used, beginning to recognise the different literary forms in scripture. • Correctly use religious words		Play with possibilities, asking ' <mark>what if?'</mark> questions, saying what they wonder about and <mark>suggesting answers,</mark>		Reflect on the meaning of what they have learned for their own lives. Talk about their own experiences, feelings,	
		and phrases to <mark>recognise features of reli</mark>	gious life and	<mark>imagining</mark> how they	and others are	and the things that	matter to them, and



		between sources, beliefs, worship and life ci e: m th a p Li o a s ci		feeling. • Identify and name their personal responses to a variety of creative and artistic expression (for example, texts, stories, paintings, music) and say why they respond in that way. • Express a point of view with a relevant reason. • Express a preference with a relevant reason • Listen to the stories and experiences of others from different communities and ask questions about the stories and experiences of others		listen to others. • Consider how their own lives and the future of the communities to which they belong could be transformed by what they have learned. • Act to bring about transformation in their own lives and in the communities to which they belong, as a consequence of their learning.	
S	Scripture	Gen 9:7-17	The Annunciation of John the Baptist (Lk 1:5-20) The Annunciation of Jesus (Lk 1:26-38) The Visitation (Lk 1:39-50, 53) The birth of John the Baptist (Lk 1:57- 58) Zechariah's voice is restored (The circumcision of John the Baptist) (Lk 1:59- 66, 67,76) The Birth of Jesus (Lk 2:1-8) Including, for the season of Advent: Is 7:14, 9:1-2, 5-7 (Extracts from the book of Immanuel)	The preaching of John the Baptist (Lk 3:2-6, 10-17) Jesus is baptised (Lk 3:21-22) The Temptation in the wilderness & Jesus begins to preach (Lk 4: 1-15) Cure of a paralytic (Lk 5:17-26) The choice of the twelve (Lk 6:12-16) The calming of the storm (Lk 8:22-25) Parable of the lost sheep (Lk 15:4-7) For the Feast of the Epiphany: Matt 2:1-12: The visit of the Mag	Jesus enters Jerusalem (Lk 19:28-38) The last supper (Lk 22:7- 23, 28-34) The Crucifixion and death of Jesus (Lk 23:33-46) The angel's message (Lk 24:1-8) Peter at the tomb (Lk 24:9-12)	Jesus appears to the apostles and the Ascension (Lk 24:36-53) Pentecost and Peter talks to the crowd (Acts 2:1-9, 12-13) Conversion of Saul (Acts 9:1- 19) Fruits of the Holy Spirit (Gal 5:22-23)	The parable of the Good Samaritan (Lk 10:25-37)
Year 3 S	Skills	Understand		Discern		Respond           • Reflect on the meaning of what they	
		<ul> <li>Describe a narrative that is accurate in details, identifying literary form and beging the second se</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Play with possibilit if?' questions, sugge</li> </ul>		have learned for their own lives. Dialogue with others about their	



		the original author's intention, drawing out the moral sense of scripture for today. • Correctly use developing specialist vocabulary to describe a range of religious beliefs, symbols, and actions, correctly identifying their meanings. • Make links between sources, beliefs, worship, and life, giving reasons for the links.		imagining consequences and implications for themselves and others. • Suggest meanings considering the maker's intention, in response to a variety of creative and artistic expression (for example, texts, stories, paintings, music) • Express a point of view with reasons that relate to sources/experiences. • Express a judgement with relevant reasons, having considered different preferences. • Explore people's different worldviews and the reasons for their responses to life and to questions of meaning and purpose.		experiences and feelings and the things that matter to them, recognising the ways in which this could influence the way they live. • Consider how their own lives and the future of the communities to which they belong could be transformed by what they have learned. • Act to bring about transformation in their own lives and in the communities to which they belong, as a consequence of their learning.	
	Scripture	Genesis 1:1-2:4. Extracts from either Psalm 8 or 19 in praise of Creation	Messiah would be born of a virgin and would be called Immanuel (Is 7:14) The Annunciation to Joseph (Matt 1:18- 25) Revisit Lk 1:26-38.	Miracles, either: Cure of the centurion's servant (Matt 8:5- 13) or Cure of a paralytic (Matt 9:1- 8) Parables, either: Parable of the Sower (Matt 13:4- 9) Parable of the Sower explained (Matt 13:10-17) or Parable of the yeast (Matt 13:33) or Parable of the treasure and of the pearl (Matt 13:44- 46) For Epiphany: The visit of the Magi (Matt 2:1-12	The miracle of the loaves (Matt 14: 13-21). The last supper (The institution of the Eucharist) (Matt 26: 26-29). 1 Cor 11:23-25	Road to Emmaus (Lk 24:13-35) The mission to the world (Matt 28:16- 20) The group of apostles (Mary) (Acts 1:12-14) Early Church (Acts 2:42-47) Paul's Letter to the Corinthians (1 Cor 11:23-27)	Exodus 12:1- 8,15-20, 13:3 Lk 22:14-23
Year 4	Skills	· · · · ·				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
L		Understand		Discern		Respond	



	• Describe a narrative that is accurate in its sequence and details, identifying literary form and beginning to understand the original author's intention, drawing out the moral sense of scripture for today. • Correctly use developing specialist vocabulary to describe a range of religious beliefs, symbols, and actions, correctly identifying their meanings. • Make links between sources, beliefs, worship, and life, giving reasons for the links.		<ul> <li>Play with possibilities, asking 'what if?' questions, suggesting answers and imagining consequences and implications for themselves and others.</li> <li>Suggest meanings considering the maker's intention, in response to a variety of creative and artistic expression (for example, texts, stories, paintings, music) • Express a point of view with reasons that relate to sources/experiences. • Express a judgement with relevant reasons, having considered different preferences. • Explore people's different worldviews and the reasons for their responses to life and to questions of meaning and purpose.</li> </ul>		• Reflect on the meaning of what they have learned for their own lives. Dialogue with others about their experiences and feelings and the things that matter to them, recognising the ways in which this could influence the way they live. • Consider how their own lives and the future of the communities to which they belong could be transformed by what they have learned. • Act to bring about transformation in their own lives and in the communities to which they belong, as a consequence of their learning.	
Scripture	The story of Abraham, focusing on the following key texts: The call of Abram (Gen 12:1-5) The Abrahamic covenant (Gen 15:1-6) Abraham and Sarah (Gen 18:1-15) Abraham and Isaac (Gen 22:1-18)	The miracle of the flour and the oil (1 Kings 17:7-14) Elijah's encounter with God: the journey 1 Kings 19:4-8, The meeting: 1 Kings 19:9-15 The preaching of John the Baptist (Matt 3:1-12 and Mk 1:1- 8) Isaiah 40:3 (contained within the gospel accounts) The ancestry of Jesus (Matt 1:1-17)	Peter's mother-in- law and casting out devils (Matt 8:14-17) Cure of the woman with a haemorrhage. The official's daughter raised to life (Matt 9:18-26) or Cure of two blind men and cure of a demoniac (Matt 9:27-34) The Baptist's question (Matt 11:1-15) Jesus walks on the water and, with him, Peter (Matt 14:22-33) Peter's profession of faith (Matt 16:13-26)	The lost son (the prodigal) and the dutiful son (Lk 15:11-32) The Judgement of the Nations (sheep and goats) (Matt 25:31-46) The events of Holy Week from the gospel of Matthew Entry into Jerusalem (Matt 21:1-11), Judas' betrayal (Matt 26:14), the Passover and Peter's denial foretold (Matt 26:17-35) Jesus prays (Matt 26:36- 46) The betrayal	The empty tomb (Jn 20:1-10) The appearance on the shore of Tiberius (Jn 21:1- 19)	The road to Damascus (Acts 9:3-9, 17-19) The first letter to the Corinthians (1 Cor 13:1-7,13) Teachers should choose additional texts about the mission of St Paul, for example,: Paul's speech before the Council of the Areopagus (Acts 17:22-26, 28-29) Galatians 1:11-24 2 Cor 11:22-23 Galatians 3:27-28



					and arrest of Jesus (Matt 26:47- 56), Peter's denials (Matt 26:69-75), Pilate questions Jesus (Matt 27:11-14), the Crucifixion (Matt 27:32-44), the death of Jesus (Matt 27:45-56) and the Burial of Jesus (Matt 27:57- 61)		
Year 5	Skills	• Show understanding of scripture passages, identifying literary forms and authorial intention and beginning to recognise the historical context of the intended audience and the ways in which the interpretation of scripture may change over time. • Use specialist (theological, religious, and philosophical) vocabulary to describe and explain the meaning of different religious and secular beliefs, rituals, symbols, and actions. • Show understanding of sources, beliefs, worship, and life, by making relevant links between them.		Discern Play with possibilitie questions, building l imagining different p • Explore how they a their own and the m. response to a variety artistic expression (f stories, paintings, m Appreciate differing not all equally valid. reasons which migh judgements differen recognising that son difficult to answer. • different worldviews express insight into o responses and offer arguments why they some features.	logical theories, and beople's responses. and others interpret aker's meaning, in y of creative and for example, texts, nusic etc) • points of view are • Articulate the t lead to t to their own, ne questions are Consider people's s, using evidence to differences in their reasoned	Respond Reflect on the mean have learned for the Compare their own experiences and fee that matter to them which this may lead of life. • Consider ha and the future of the which they belong of transformed by what learned. • Act to bri transformation in the the communities to as a consequence of	and others' and others' alings, the things , and the ways in to different ways ow their own lives a communities to could be to they have ng about leir own lives and in which they belong,
	Scripture	The Burning Bush (Ex 3:1-15) The Sinai covenant and the Ten Commandments (Ex 19:3-8, 20:1-17) Jesus' summary of the law (Matt 22:36-40)	1 Samuel 16:1-13: anointing of David (a great king) 1 Samuel 17:1-11,	The Beatitudes from the Sermon on the Mount (Matt 5:1-12) Jesus	A selection of Ash Wednesday readings e.g., Joel 2:12-18, Psalm	Scriptural echoes of the Sacrament of Confirmation (Is 11:2, 61:1, Lk	



			32-54: David and Goliath 2 Samuel 5:1-5: David becomes king 2 Samuel 7: 8-15 God's covenant with David 1 Kings 2:1-4, 10-12: David's death Psalm 21:1-7, Psalm 23	summarises the law (Matt 22:36- 40, Lk 10:27) A parable about living out Jesus' law (e.g., The Good Samaritan (Lk 10:25-37)) The Transfiguration (Matt 17:1-13) Our Father prayer (Matt 6:7-13)	50:3-6, 12-14, 17, 2 Cor 5:20-6, Matt 6:1-6, 16-18 Temptation in the Wilderness (Matt 4:1-11) The Resurrection of the Dead (1 Corinthians 15:1- 8, 20-25, 54-57)	4:16, Mt 3:13-17) Pentecost (Acts 2:1-8, 14-18) The gifts of the Spirit Paul (1 Cor 12:4- 11) Baptism in the Spirit (Acts 8:14- 16)	
Year 6	Skills	Understand       Image: Show understanding of scripture passages, identifying literary forms and authorial intention and beginning to recognise the historical context of the intended audience and the ways in which the interpretation of scripture may change over time. • Use specialist (theological, religious, and philosophical) vocabulary to describe and explain the meaning of different religious and secular beliefs, rituals, symbols, and actions. • Show understanding of sources, beliefs, worship, and life, by making relevant links between them.       Image: Provide Passages and Passages		Discern Play with possibilities, asking 'what if?' questions, building logical theories, and imagining different people's responses. • Explore how they and others interpret their own and the maker's meaning, in response to a variety of creative and artistic expression (for example, texts, stories, paintings, music etc) • Appreciate differing points of view are not all equally valid. • Articulate the reasons which might lead to judgements different to their own, recognising that some questions are difficult to answer. • Consider people's different worldviews, using evidence to express insight into differences in their responses and offer reasoned arguments why they disagree with		Respond Reflect on the mear have learned for the Compare their own experiences and fee that matter to them which this may lead of life. • Consider ho and the future of the which they belong of transformed by wha learned. • Act to bri transformation in th the communities to as a consequence of	ir own lives. and others' alings, the things , and the ways in to different ways ow their own lives communities to could be to they have ng about eir own lives and in which they belong,



	Scripture	The second account of Creation (Genesis 2:5-10, 15-23, 3:1-7,9-13, 17- 19) Jn 1:1-5, 16-18	Old Testament passages that show the importance of women in salvation history, e.g.: Genesis 18:1-15; 21:1-7: Sarah Exodus 1:8- 22; 2:1-10: Miriam Judges 4:4-11; 5:7-15: Deborah 1 Samuel 1:5, 9-11, 26-28: Hannah Esther 2:4, 15-17; 3:1-6, 12-13; 4:1- 4, 8a-17; 5:1-8; 7:1-6, 9-10; 8:3-12 (Purim): Esther Lk 1: 26-56: Mary as the fulfilment of Old Testament promises	The Wedding at Cana (Jn 2:1-12) Healing the official's son (Jn 4:46-54) Healing the man at Bethesda (Jn 5:1- 47) Feeding the 5000 (Jn 6:1-4) Walking on water (Jn 6:15-21) Healing the Blind Man (Jn 9:1-41) Raising of Lazarus (Jn 11:1-57) 'l am the bread of life' (Jn 6:35) or 'l am the Resurrection and the life' (Jn 11:25)	The anointing at Bethany (Jn 12:1- 11) Jesus washes his disciples' feet (Jn 13:1-17) First farewell discourse (Jn 13:33-38) The arrest of Jesus (Jn 18:1:11) Jesus before Pilate (Jn 18:28-40, 19:4-6) The Crucifixion (Jn 19:17-22) Jesus and his mother (Jn 19:25- 27) The death of Jesus (Jn 19:28- 37)	The empty tomb and the appearance to Mary Magdala (Jn 20:1-18) Appearances to the disciples Jn 20:19-31 Conclusion (Jn 20: 30-31) Christians believe in the Resurrection (1 Cor 15:14) Jesus as the last Adam (1 Cor 15:45-49) The story of Stephen (Acts 6:8-15, 7:51-60)	
--	-----------	--	--	---	--	--	--